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The core of BCI is neural decoding



External World

A model to encode (simulate) neural signals

10¹² neurons

A model to decode neural signals

Senses Motion Emotion Attention Cognition

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There are a variety of implementations of neural decoding depending on the task paradigm, the brain area involved, and the computational model.

Neural encoding

Given an external stimulus, predict how the nerve will react

Neural decoding

 Given a neural signal and interpret the intention contained in it The key to neural decoding lies in neural representations



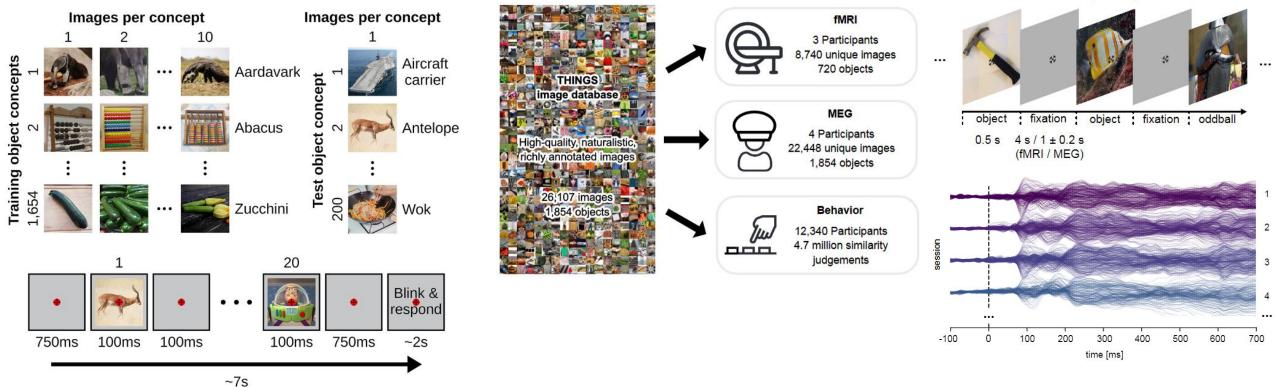
The existing experimental paradigm of brain computer interface has many drawbacks: scalability, interpretability, performance

SSVEP	Motor imagery	Speech imagination
• 7Hz/10Hz	 Up/down/left/right Body part: Hands/feet	 Apple/watermelon Sentence:
Emotional arousal	Attention recognition	• P300
 Happy/sad 	Zone out/concentrate	Normal/abnormal

EEG/MEG/fMRI datasets under visual stimulation

NEURAL INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEMS

"Is this image an object"?



Dataset: THINGS-EEG

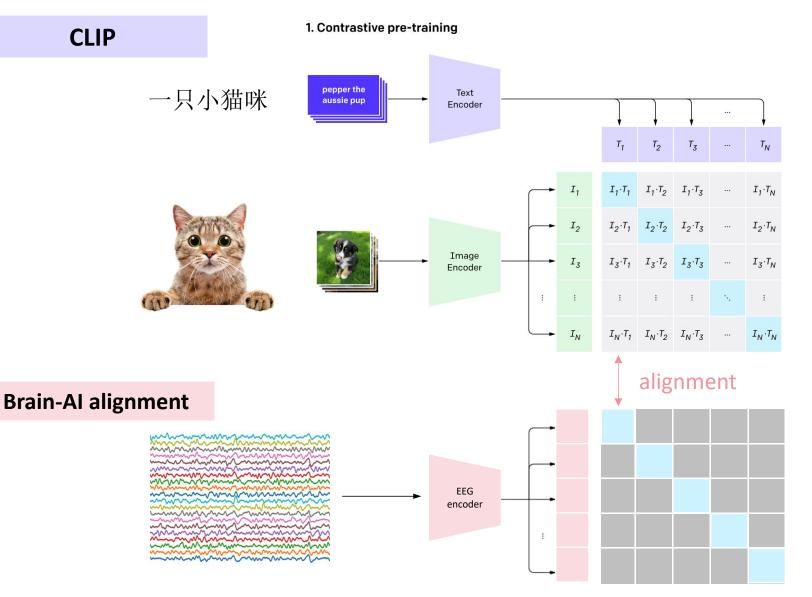
Dataset: THINGS-MEG

fMRI dataset: BOLD5000, NSD, THINGS-fMRI...

Alessandro et al., NeuroImage, 2022

Martin et al., eLife, 2023

Brain-Al alignment: benefits





Benefits for Al

- 1) better abstraction
- 2) better generalizability
- 3) Interpretability

4) Al safety

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Benefits for neuroscience:

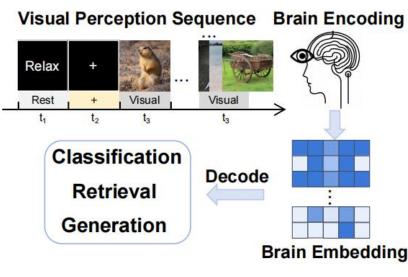
1) less neural data

- 2) multiple downstream tasks
- 3) zero-shot / few-shot capability
- 4) Virtual experimental platform
- 5) New science discovery

Visual decoding using brain signal



Brain decoding and reconstruction









💿 Viewed Image 🛞 Predicted Image 💿 Viewed Image 🛞 Predicted Image 💿 Viewed Image

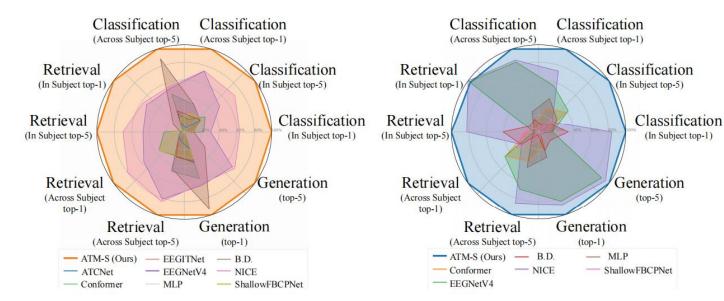






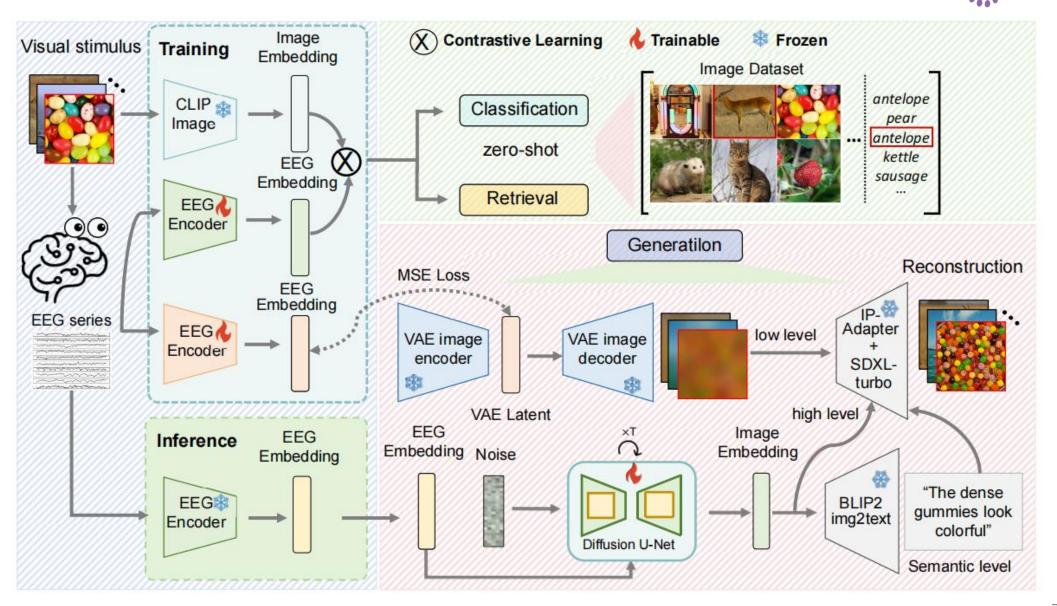






Overall performance

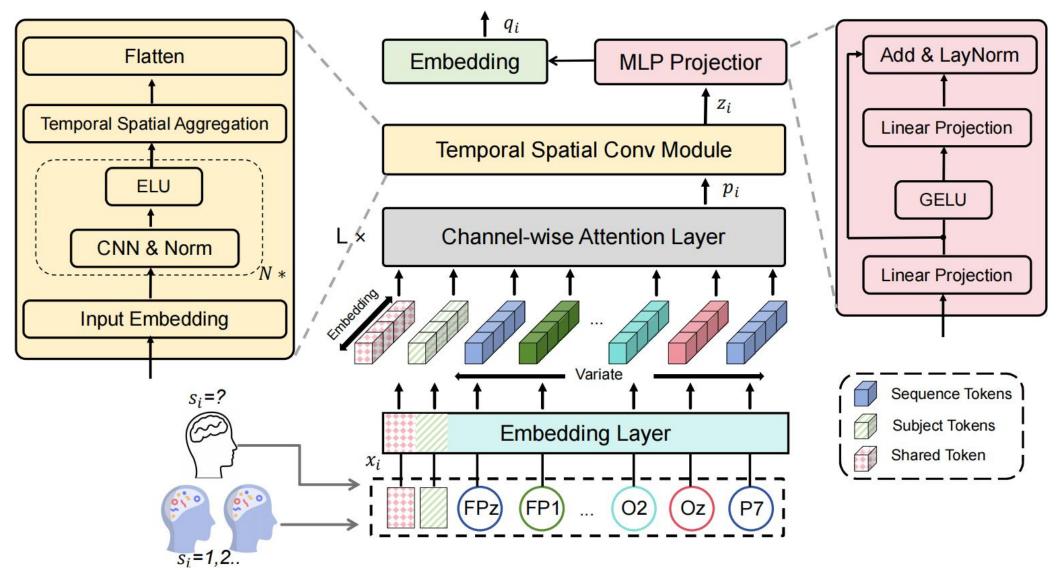
Visual decoding and reconstruction using EEG/MEG



NEURAL INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEMS

Structure of EEG encoder





EEG-based image retrieval and classification

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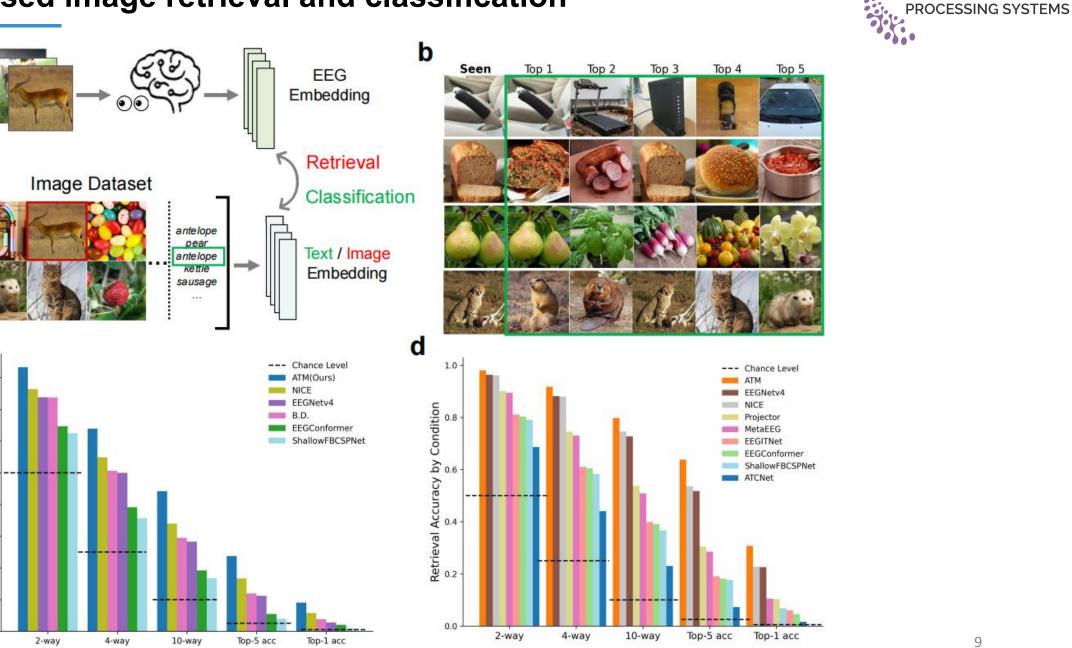
0.8

/ Condition

Classification Accuracy

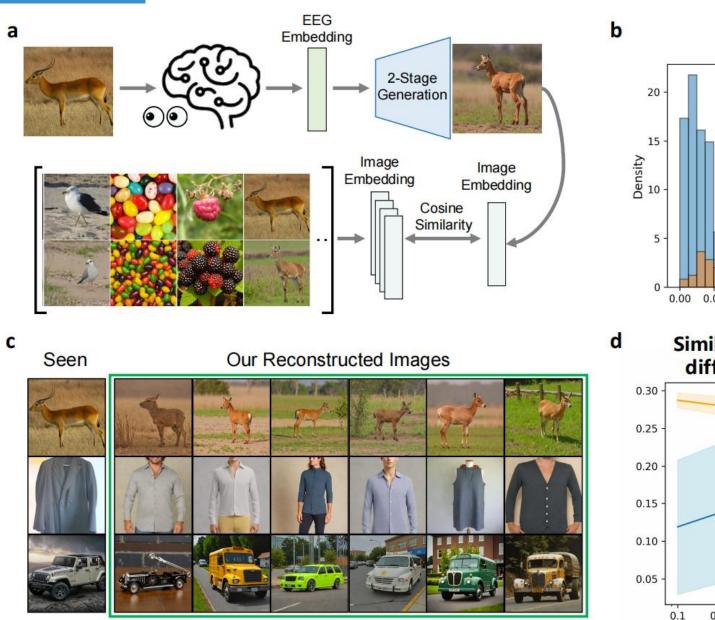
0.0

h

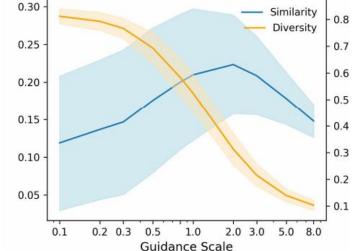


NEURAL INFORMATION

EEG guidance image generation



Distribution of Similarity Random Sim. Generated Sim. 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30 0.35 Similarity Similarity and diversity for different guidance scale



NEURAL INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEMS **Two-stage reconstruction pipeline**



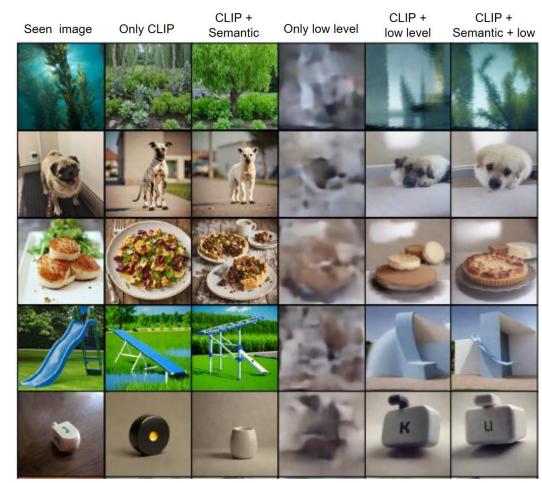
Reconstruction performance

	Lo	ow-level	High-level			
Dataset ↑	SSIM ↑	AlexNet(2) \uparrow	AlexNet(5) \uparrow	Inception ↑	CLIP ↑	SwAV↓
NSD-fMRI [0.366	0.962	0.977	0.910	0.917	0.410
NSD-fMRI [33]	0.356	0.942	0.962	0.872	0.915	0.423
NSD-fMRI [41]	0.308	0.917	0.974	0.936	0.942	0.369
THINGS-MEG [4]	0.327	0.695	0.753	0.593	0.700	0.630
THINGS-MEG (averaged) 4	0.336	0.736	0.826	0.671	0.767	0.584
THINGS-MEG (Ours)	0.340	0.613	0.672	0.619	0.603	0.651
THINGS-EEG (Ours)	0.345	0.776	0.866	0.734	0.786	0.582

Two-stage image reconstruction



• Two-stage image reconstruction

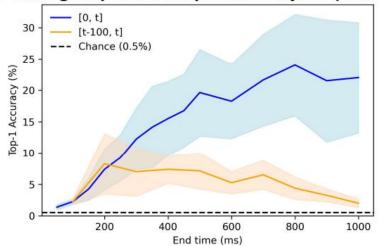


Time windows on visual retrieval and reconstruction



а Average top-1 accuracy across subjects (EEG) 40 -____ [0, t] — [t-100, t] 35 --- Chance (0.5%) 30 Top-1 Accuracy (%) 10 5. 0 ----200 400 800 1000 600 End time (ms)

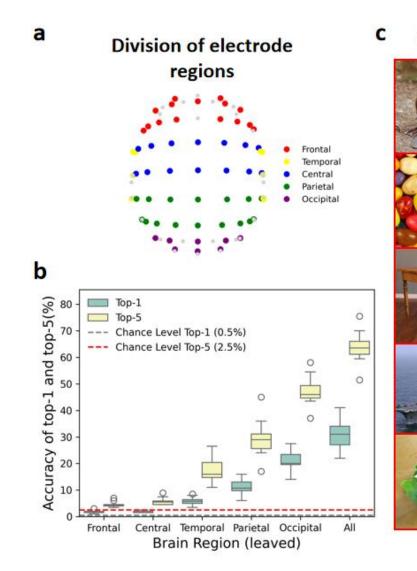
b Average top-1 accuracy across subjects (MEG)

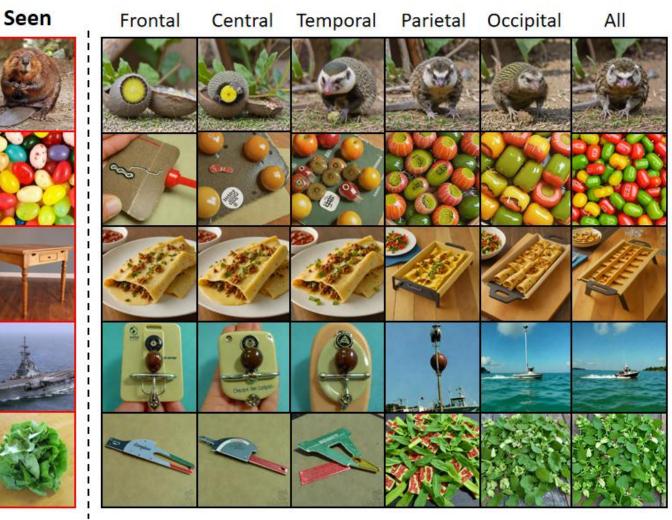




Visual Reconstruction from different brain regions

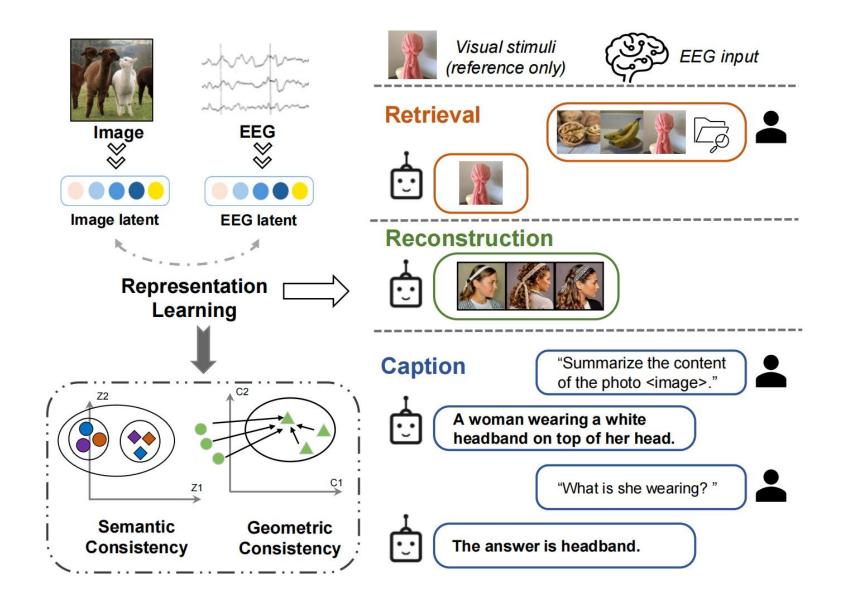






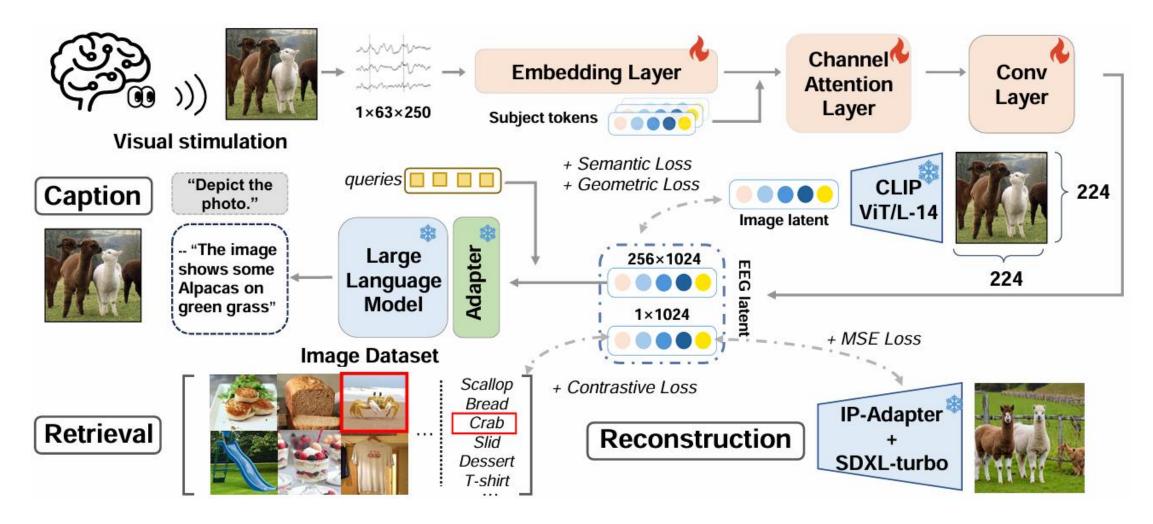
EEG Multimodal decoding——RealMind framework





EEG Multimodal decoding——RealMind framework

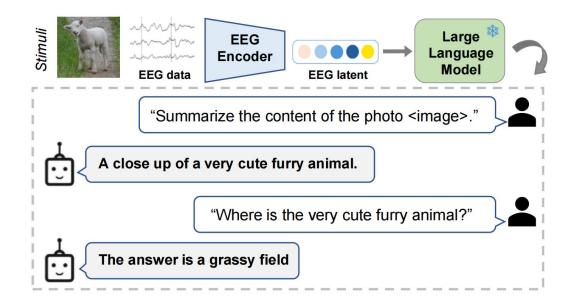




RealMind is able to adapt various down-stream decoding tasks

EEG-to-image captioning results





Caption Performance						
Metric	Shikra captions		GIT captions		BLIP2 captions	
	L2Cap	I2Cap	L2Cap	I2Cap	L2Cap	I2Cap
BLEU-1 ↑	26.59	23.09	15.43	18.28	18.31	25.97
BLEU-4 ↑	4.31	3.88	2.90	3.70	3.25	4.65
METEOR \downarrow	17.79	15.00	15.43	14.20	15.01	18.40
Sentence \uparrow	17.76	19.62	14.26	23.78	15.60	25.99
CLIP-ViT-L \uparrow	55.78	53.91	57.83	61.34	58.77	57.52

GT	Rec1	Rec2	Rec3	
		-		GroundTruth: A yellow jackhammer standing on top of a dirt field.Lat2Rec caption1: A small animal standing in the dirt.Lat2Rec caption2: A small animal sitting on the ground in the woods.Lat2Rec caption3: A small animal sitting on the ground.Latentcaption: A close up of a very cute furry animal.
				GroundTruth: A plate of croissants on a table with a napkin.Lat2Rec caption1: A white plate topped with a bowl of food.Lat2Rec caption2: A plate of tofu with cheese and herbs.Lat2Rec caption3: A plate of food with potatoes and cheese.Latentcaption: A close-up of some food on a plate.
				GroundTruth: A marijuana plant is growing with lots of leaves.Lat2Rec caption1: A close up of a bunch of green plants.Lat2Rec caption2: A close up of a green plant.Lat2Rec caption3: A close up of a bunch of green plants.Lat2Rec caption3: A close up of a bunch of green plants.Latentcaption: A pile of green vegetables sitting on top of a table.
			oubmitt	rad to ICASSP 2025

submitted to ICASSP 2025

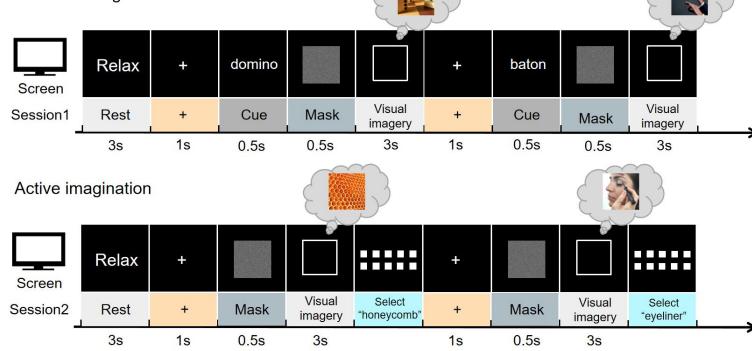
Visual viewing to visual imagination: from viewing to imagining



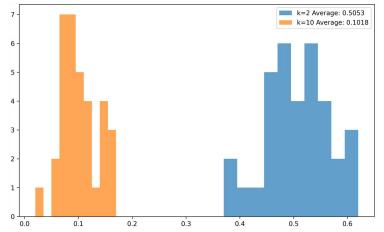
Question: Can the decoding model for <u>visual viewing</u> (bottom up) be generalized to <u>passive/active visual imagination</u> (top down)?

- We recuit college students to conduct visual experiments (n=34, #trial=10).
- The performance drops to **chance-level** without sufficient finetuning.

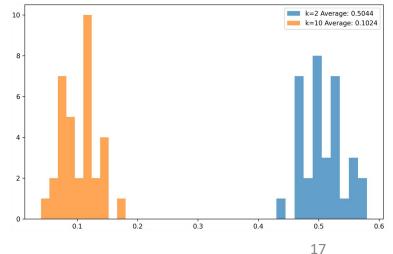




Accuracy distribution (retrieval)



Accuracy distribution (classification)



Summary: EEG-to-Image



Existing problems

- The existing visual reconstruction methods rely generation model.
- The learned EEG representations in EEG-To-Image models have not been tested with other tasks.

Future directions

- Cross-subjects and multi-task
- More flexible neural network architectures and pretrained brain model
- Tansfer learning and meta-learning
- Unified framework for different downstream tasks









👏 🔶 代码和模型已开源! (已获得120+star 🚖): https://github.com/ncclab-sustech/EEG_Image_decode

Thanks!



